United States District Court Southern District of Texas

## ENTERED

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

August 01, 2024
Nathan Ochsner, Clerk

for the

Southe	ern Distric	of Texas
United States of America v.  DERRICK WASHINGTON  Defendant	) ) — )	Case No. 4:24-CR-00371-27
ORDER OF DET	ENTION	PENDING TRIAL
Part I - E	Eligibility f	or Detention
Upon the		
☐ Motion of the Government attorney pu☐ Motion of the Government or Court's the Court held a detention hearing and found that detend conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 31	own motio	n pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), rranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact
		o Presumptions under § 3142(e)
□ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 presumption that no condition or combination of and the community because the following condit □ (1) the defendant is charged with one of t □ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maxim □ (b) an offense for which the maxim □ (c) an offense for which a maximum Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S. (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter □ (d) any felony if such person has be (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or described in subparagraphs (a) through urisdiction had existed, or a combin □ (e) any felony that is not otherwise	U.S.C. § 3 f conditions tions have be the following of 18 U.S.C mum term of immediate the convictor of Title en convictor two or morning (c) of the transfer of surface of the convictor of the	142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable will reasonably assure the safety of any other person been met:  In grimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):  I. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.  If imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or the is life imprisonment or death; or the inprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the properties of the controlled Substances Import and Export Act the 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or the controlled Substances Import and Export Act the second of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs are State or local offenses that would have been offenses this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal the offenses; or
(iii) any other dangerous weapon; o	or ( <b>iv)</b> a fail nvicted of a	rm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); are to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i> Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.  d have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise
		which the defendant has been convicted was ng trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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<b>B.</b> Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is	a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance	
defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the def	
committed one or more of the following offenses:	
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the	
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Ac U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	t (21
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 or more is prescribed;	) years
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum	term of
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2242 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(a)(3), 2252A(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(	
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention i	S
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	
OR	
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The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the	
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
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After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably at the safety of any other person and the community.	assure
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AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial

☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of legal status in the United States
☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of alias(es) or false documents
Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

### OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

The United States moved to detain the Defendant pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2) as posing a serious risk of flight or non-appearance. The Court held a hearing on the issue of detention and took judicial notice of the information in the Pretrial Services Report. After considering the Pretrial Services Report, the testimony presented at the hearing, the proffer of the Defendant, and the factors contained in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g), the Court concludes that the United States has met its burden to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the Defendant poses a serious risk of flight which cannot reasonably be addressed by conditions of release. The Court bases this conclusion on the Defendant's history and characteristics which demonstrate an extensive criminal history, mental health and substance abuse issues, and a failure to comply with his conditions of parole. According to a representative of the Texas Parole Department has failed to comply with his reporting requirements. Finally, Defendant was on parole when he was arrested and then captured on a wire intercept discussing with his wife the use of false documents to obtain a bond. The Defendant's failures to comply with his parole and engaging in a fraudulent bail bond scheme while on parole demonstrate that there are no conditions this Court can set that he will follow, and therefore there are no conditions of release that will reasonably address his risk of non-appearance.

## Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

United States Magistrate Judge

Signed on August 01, 2024, at Houston, Texas.

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